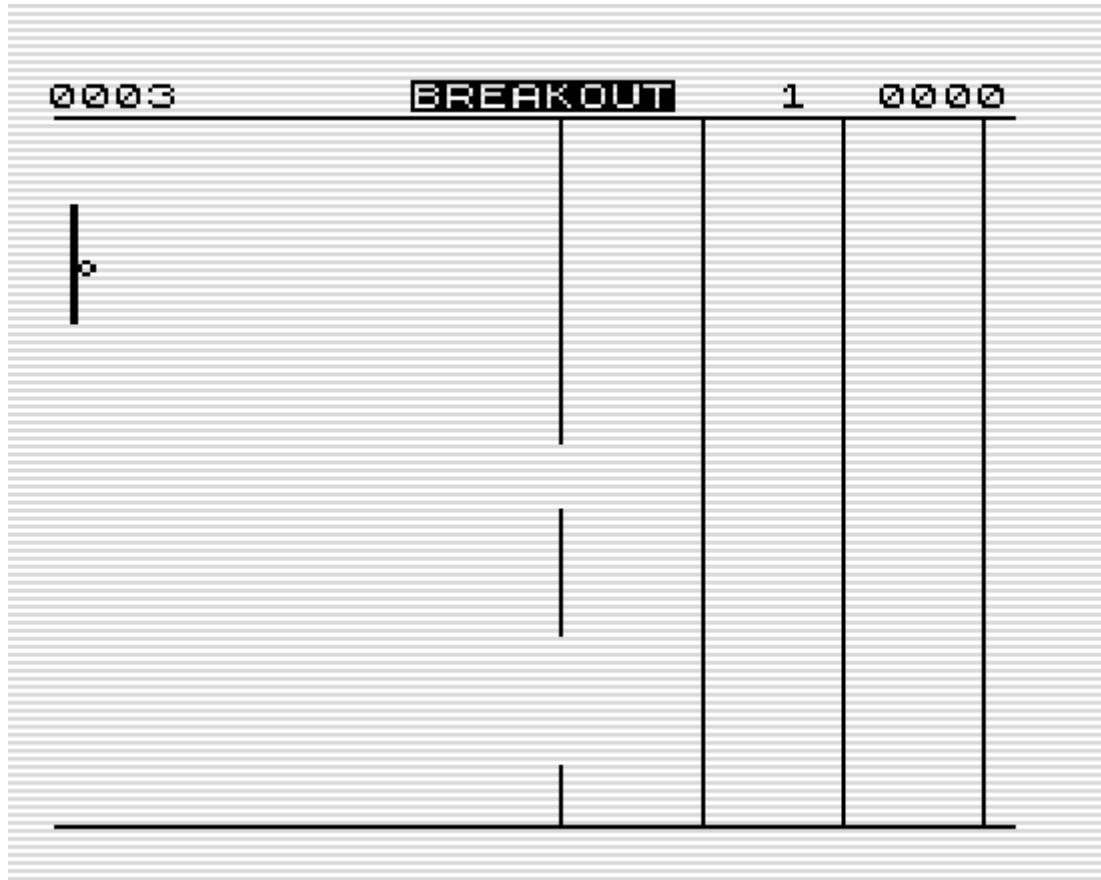


## Break Out



**The display of Break Out is a continuation of K-Bird but now the ball is moving, not the walls. The gameplay is a REAL Break Out. The sooner you reach the left side of the screen the more points you will score. There is no byte left to code. The stack is at minimum. The hires routine has so much possibilities that it was almost undoable to fit all in 207 Tstates.**

```

; Breakout
; A game with a TRUE breakout-theme

? * TORNADO *

        ORG  #4009          ;#4009
        DUMP 49161

b0      EQU  br0*256/256
b1      EQU  br1*256/256
b2      EQU  br2*256/256
b3      EQU  br3*256/256
b4      EQU  br4*256/256
b5      EQU  br5*256/256
b6      EQU  br6*256/256

; the single BASIC-line is fully coded
; over existing systemvariables
; linenumber and length is used as code

basic    LD   A,0           ; Line nr and
L400B    JR   init0         ; start of program

        DEFB 236           ; the BASIC-command
        DEFB 212,28,126       ; set in reusable sysvar
        DEFB 143,0,18         ; #4009 in FP notation

```

```

;d_file      DEFW 0
;dfcc        DEFW 0
;var         DEFW 0
;dest        DEFW 0

eline        DEFW last           ; needed on start
chadd        DEFW last-1
xptr         DEFW 0
stkbot       DEFW last          ; memory above reused for data

berg         DEFB 0
mem          DEFW 0

init0        EX AF,AF'
              JP init

lastk        DEFB 255,255,255   ; used by ZX81
margin       DEFB 55            ; used by ZX81

nxtlin       DEFW basic
              DEFB 0
              DEFB 0

flagx        DEFB 0           ; used by ZX81
strlen       DEFW 0

taddr        DEFW 3213         ; used by ZX81

seed          DEFW 0
frames        DEFW 65535        ; used by ZX81
coords        DEFB 0,0
prcc          DEFB 188
sposn         DEFB 33,24
cdflag        DEFB 64           ; fixed value

inudg        LD A,(HL)         ; sync with outudg
              DEC C
              LD A,(HL)
              EXX
              JP outudg+#8000

hr           LD HL,dfile+#8000  ; we start with lowres
              LD BC,#201
              LD A,#1E
              LD I,A
              LD A,#FC
              CALL #2B5           ; display score

              LD (savsp+1),SP      ; we have a screenstack

hr0          LD B,8
DJNZ hr0
              LD A,(HL)

              LD HL,lowret         ; faster RET from upmen
              EXX
              LD HL,batdata        ; pointer to batpositions
              LD BC,#B001           ; 176 lines, 1 to fetch bricks
              DEFB #DD
              LD H,#10              ; 16 lines, set in highmem
              LD A,#43              ; screen range
              LD I,A

```

```

LD A, #5D
LD R, A
CALL edge+#8000 ; show topline

LD SP, scrstack ; bricks taken from stack

bally LD A, 255 ; fetch ball y
CP B ; draw ballscreen?
JR Z, dobball ; if so do ballscreen

ballb2 LD A, (HL) ; is bat now on screen
INC HL ; point to next bat
SUB B ; test with linenumber
JP Z, batbuff+#8000 ; if so, show bat
DEC HL ; undo next pointer
NOP ; timing
LD A, C ; 1 brickline less
SUB 1 ; for timing like this
JP wallbuff+#8000 ; do wall display

batbuff ADD A, b0 ; LD doesn't work in upmem
LD R, A
LD A, C ; done now or ballscreen
ADD A, 255 ; couldn't sync
DEFB 0 ; show bat

wallbuff JP NZ, inudg ; still in current brick
DEFB #DD ; reset bricklinecounter
LD C, H
EXX
POP BC ; fetch new UDG pointers
POP DE

; Test new brick is done in displaymemory, so all
; opcodes need bit 6 set to be executed

outudg LD A, C ; get data brick 1
LD R, A
NOP ; display brick 1
LD A, B ; get data brick 2
LD R, A
NOP ; display
LD A, E ; brick 3
LD R, A
NOP
LD A, D ; brick 4
LD R, A
NOP
JP (HL) ; out of high memory (lowret)

lowret EXX
DJNZ bally ; end of screen?

POP HL ; timing RET above
PUSH HL ; POP/PUSH to save stack

OR (HL) ; reset C in 7 tstates

RET C ; NEVER TRUE HERE

savsp LD SP, 0 ; get original SP back

LD A, #5D
LD R, A

```

```

        CALL edge+#8000           ; show bottomline

        CALL #292                 ; and back to program
        CALL #220
        LD IX,hr
        JP #2A4

; okudg : 26 = 10 + 4 + 12 tstates
; dobball : 23 = 7 + 4 + 12 tstates
okudg    NOP                  ; sync timing
          DEFB #CA              ; JP Z, never true
doball   LD A,balldata*256/256
          NOP                  ; sync display with batbuf
          JR      rettime

ballback OR A                 ; skip ball test, reset C
          DJNZ ballb2            ; go to bat test
          JP savsp-1             ; ball at bottom

balllow  RET C                ; here never true, timing
          DEC B                 ; here NEVER 0
          DEC C                 ; next brick??
          JR NZ,okudg
          LD C,16               ; in ballscreen
          EXX                  ; also get next
          POP BC                ; brickline data
          POP DE
          EXX

rettime  JP highball+#8000

dead     LD HL,lives
          DEC (HL)              ; decrease nr of lives
          LD A,(HL)
          CP 28                 ; test against "0"
          JR NZ,restart

eog      LD HL,sc-1            ; check if new hiscore
          LD DE,hi-1
          LD BC,5

fihi    INC HL
          INC DE
          DEC C
          JR Z,start
          LD A,(DE)
          CP (HL)
          JR Z,fihi
          JR NC,start
          LDIR

start   LD A,b0                ; reset startlevel
          LD (mkscr+1),A

s1      LD A,(lastk)
          SUB %10111111          ; start with NL
          JR NZ,s1

          LD HL,#1C1C            ; reset score
          LD (sc),HL
          LD (sc+2),HL

          LD A,31                ; "3" lives
          LD (lives),A

nextlev LD HL,mkscr+1

```

```

    INC  (HL)
    LD   A,b6+1           ; All levels completed?
    CP   (HL)
    JR   Z,eog            ; if so end of game

    LD   HL,scrstack       ; make brick screen
    LD   B,44
    LD   (HL),b0
    INC  HL
    DJNZ  mkscr

    LD   A,100
    LD   (baty+1),A

restart  LD   A,(baty+1)
        SUB 14
        LD   (bally+1),A

        LD   A,12           ; start ball x
        LD   (ballx+1),A

        XOR  A
        LD   (dxy+1),A       ; reset dx, A always 0

; after dead correct clearance needed
        LD   A,balldata*256/256
        LD   (erball+1),A

; for correct collision we need to erase the ball
; but also erase the bat or remainings can be shown
erball   LD   HL,balldata+2      ; position of ball
        LD   E,#89            ; startpos of bat
        LD   C,B              ; C is now SPACE
        LD   B,30              ; set batlength
er1      LD   (HL),C            ; erase part 1 of ball
        LD   A,L              ; save ballpointer
        INC  L
        LD   (HL),C            ; erase part 2 of ball
        LD   L,E              ; get batpointer
        LD   (HL),C            ; erase bat
        ADD  A,B              ; point to next ball
        LD   L,A              ; save ballposition
        LD   A,E              ; get bat
        ADD  A,B              ; point to next bat
        LD   E,A              ; save batposition
        JR   NC,er1            ; do full screen

; built the ballscreen, first set bricks and walls
        LD   A,(bally+1)       ; Bat can be on ballscreen
        LD   HL,balldata
baty     LD   E,0               ; fetch current batpos
setbat   LD   D,A              ; save current Y of ball
        SUB  E
        CP   5
        LD   C,A              ; C holds linenr on ballscreen
        JR   NC,notonball      ; set batdisplay
        PUSH HL
        LD   HL,balldata-29     ; we set on ballscreen
batball  INC  C
        LD   A,L
fbpos   ADD  A,30
        DEC  C
        JR   NZ,fbpos          ; calculate next ballline
        JR   C,balldone         ; ready when "out of screen"

```

```

LD L,A
LD (HL),%00110000 ; set bat
DEC E ; decrease batpointer
DEC B ; decrease batlength
JR Z,batdone ; end of bat reached
JR batball ; still on ball screen

balldone POP HL ; end of ball reached
notonball LD A,D ; get original Y back
LD (HL),E ; set bat y in own index
DEC E
INC HL
nxtbat DJNZ setbat ; do length of bat

DEFB 62 ; hide POP, already done
batdone POP HL
LD (HL),B ; set impossible endmarker
LD A,(bally+1)

; bat is on ballscreen, now add bricks
LD DE,balldata+16 ; first brick position
LD B,A
brlp LD C,1 ; point to first column
CALL brickfield ; calculate brickpointer
CALL getdata ; fetch data of pointer
LD A,C
ADC A,A ; 2x shift left
ADC A,A ; is always possible
LD (DE),A ; write wall to screen
CALL deadd4 ; next column 4 further
LD A,C ; also data of pointer
LD (DE),A ; no shift, set data

CALL deadd5 ; fetch pointer3
CALL shift2 ; 2x shift right
LD (DE),A ; also set over
DEC DE
LD A,C
LD (DE),A ; 2 bytes

CALL deadd5 ; pointer4
CALL shift2 ; needs 4x shift right
CALL shift2
LD (DE),A
DEC DE
LD A,C
LD (DE),A

LD A,18 ; point to next line
ADD A,E
LD E,A

DEC B ; decrease Y of ball
JR NC,brlp ; do 4 lines

; now add ball
ballx LD A,0 ; fetch x-position
RRCA
RRCA
RRCA ; div 8
AND 31
LD DE,balldata
ADD A,E
LD E,A ; point to ballposition

```

```

LD  (erball+1),DE      ; save for erase
LD  A,(ballx+1)        ; again get ball-x
AND 7                  ; to read from
LD  HL,nxtlin          ; preset shifted table
JR  Z,bfound
DEC  A
ADD  A,A
ADD  A,A
LD  L,A
bfound
LD  C,1                ; shifted ball found
setball LD  A,(DE)      ; get screenbyte
XOR  (HL)              ; test against ball to set
LD  B,A                ; result in B
LD  A,(DE)              ; get screenbyte
OR   (HL)              ; OR over ball
LD  (DE),A              ; draw to screen
SUB  B                  ; XOR vs OR, <>0 = collision
LD  B,A                ; save in B
INC  DE
INC  HL
LD  A,(DE)
XOR  (HL)
ADD  A,B                ; test col2 and coll1 added
LD  B,A
LD  A,(DE)
OR   (HL)
LD  (DE),A
SUB  B
LD  A,C
JR  NZ,collide         ; NZ means collision

LD  A,L                ; point to next balludg
ADD  A,C
LD  L,A
DEC  C                  ; next line other pointer
DEC  C
LD  A,E
ADD  A,29
LD  E,A
JR  NC,setball          ; do full ball screen
JR  nobrick

collide ADD  A,5          ; from linemarker
RRCA
XOR  3
LD  B,A
LD  HL,dxy+1            ; collision means
XOR  A                  ; swap direction
LD  C,A                ; "cheap" LD C,0
SUB  (HL)
LD  (HL),A              ; save new dx
LD  A,(ballx+1)          ; find which column is hit
SUB  110
JR  C,nobrick           ; we hit the bat

findc SUB  35
INC  C                  ; point to next column
JR  NC,findc             ; find column
LD  A,(bally+1)          ; BALLY
SUB  B                  ; - line number
LD  B,A                ; = pointer to right brick
CALL brickfield          ; calculate brickfield
DEC  (HL)              ; take off 1 layer
LD  HL,sc+3              ; score 1 point
CALL addscore            ; and score a point

```

```

nobrick LD DE, (baty+1) ; D = baty
          LD D,E ; E = baty-copy

          LD A, (lastk)
          SUB %01111111
          JR NZ, nospace

; space is pressed
          LD HL,dxy+1
          OR (HL) ; change only when not set
          JR NZ,nospace ; only before start
          INC A
          LD (HL),A ; set dx to 1
nospace CP %11111011-127 ; 127 from sub above
          JR NZ,testdown
          INC D ; do move UP
testdown CP %11111101-127
          JR NZ,noplay
          DEC D ; do move DOWN
noplay LD HL,bally+1
          LD A,D
          SUB 29
          CP 148
; a preset dy to a direction after loading
dxy LD BC,256 ; get dx and dy of ball
          JR NC,ballmove ; test bat in range

          LD A,C
          OR A ; test dx

          LD A,D
          LD (baty+1),A ; save new

          JR NZ,ballmove ; move ball when released

          SUB E ; calculate dy

          JR Z,delay ; do NOT set dy to 0

          DEFB #CA ; JP Z
newy XOR A ; dy = 0 - dy
          SUB B

; set ball dy so it will move when released
          LD (dxy+2),A ; set dy bat as dy ball
          ADD A,(HL)
          LD (HL),A ; do dy as bat
          JR delay

ballmove LD A,B ; dy to A
          ADD A,(HL) ; Y=Y+dy
          LD (HL),A ; save result
          SUB 5
          CP 171
          JR NC,newy ; test out of range

dodx LD HL,ballx+1
          LD A,C ; dx to A
          ADD A,(HL) ; X=X+dx
          LD (HL),A
          CP 11
          JP C,dead ; missed the bat, live lost
          CP 232

```

```

        JR    C,delay           ; on screen

; right out of screen
        LD    DE,scrstack
        LD    B,44                ; we had 44 bricks
addbonus LD    A,(DE)            ; fetch brick
        SUB   b0                 ; calculate remainings
        LD    C,A
        JR    Z,bonus            ; nothing left, next brick
bonus   LD    HL,sc+2            ; score 10 points
        CALL  addscore           ; each layer = 10 points
        DEC   C
        JR    NZ,bonus            ; check all bricks
bbonus  INC   DE
        DJNZ  addbonus
        JP    nextlev            ; go to next level

delay   XOR   A
        LD    B,A
wfr    LD    A,(HL)
        DJNZ  wfr
        JP    erball             ; play on

scrstack DEFB b1,b1,b1,b1

; balltable saved in scrstack
; for init only
ball0   DEFB %01100000,%00000000 ; b2
        DEFB %10010000,%00000000

        DEFB %00110000,%00000000 ; b3
        DEFB %01001000,%00000000

        DEFB %00011000,%00000000 ; b4
        DEFB %00100100

; After loading SCRSTACK will ALWAYS have values
; from #81 to #87. These values can be used as
; displaybuffer for an inverted line.
; So the top and bottom line can be displayed with
; displaybuffer from the ball as data and this part
; of the SCRSTACK as displaybuffer when at the end
; a RET is added.

edge    DEFB 0

        DEFB %00001100,%00000000 ; b5
        DEFB %00010010,%00000000

        DEFB %00000110,%00000000 ; b6
        DEFB %00001001,%00000000

        DEFB %00000011,%00000000
        DEFB %00000100,%10000000

        DEFB %00000001,%10000000
        DEFB %00000010,%01000000

        DEFB %00000000,%11000000
        DEFB %00000001,%00100000

        DEFB b1,b2,b3,b4
        DEFB b1,b1,b1,b1

```

```

        RET          ; the return from EDGE-display

shift2    RR   C          ; shift a brick 2 bits
        RRA
        RR   C
        RRA
        RET

deadd5    INC  DE
deadd4    INC  DE          ; increseae brickpointer
deadd3    INC  DE
        INC  DE
        INC  DE
getdata   PUSH HL          ; save brickpointer
        LD   L, (HL)      ; get datapointer
        LD   H, #43
        LD   C, (HL)      ; get data
        XOR A            ; reset for shift
        POP HL           ; get brickpointer
        INC  HL           ; point to next
        RET

ten       LD   (HL), 28
        DEC  HL
addscore  INC  (HL)
        LD   A, (HL)
        CP   38
        JR   Z, ten
        RET

brickfield LD  A, 176      ; calculate brickpointer
        SUB B
        RRA
        RRA
        AND #3C
        ADD A, C
        LD   HL, scrstack-1
        ADD A, L
        LD   L, A
        RET

; Y pos of BAT wil be set here
batdata   DEFB 255
        DEFB 115,114,113,112,111,110,109
        DEFB 108,107,106,105,104,103,102,101,100
        DEFB 99,98,97,96,95,94,93,92,91,90,0,0,0
        DEFB 255

; the stack for the display of bricks
n         EQU 27
x         EQU 101

dfile    DEFB 118
sc       DEFB 28,28,28,28,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
        DEFB "B"+x, "R"+x, "E"+x, "A"+x, "K"+x
        DEFB "O"+x, "U"+x, "T"+x, 0,0,0
lives    DEFB 31,0,0

hi       DEFB 28,28,28,28
        DEFB 118

; this is the STACK
space    EQU  #4380-$-#22-4

```

```

DEFS space

highball LD R,A
          ADD A,30
; here line is displaybuffer, but elsewhere
; line is data for top/bottom lines.
line    DEFW 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
        DEFW 0,0,0,0
        DEFB 0
        JP M,balllow      ; NR=neg, end of balldata
        JP ballback       ; out of highmem

; the data for the visible bricks in each level
br0    DEFB 0
br1    DEFB %00100000
br2    DEFB %00110000
br3    DEFB %00111000
br4    DEFB %00111100
br5    DEFB %00111110
br6    DEFB %00111111

; here starts the ballscreen and init is done
; this part is reused in setting up the ballscreen
balldata DEFB 0

init   LD IX,hr
       LD SP,highball
       LD H,#3F           ; repair 48K bug
       LD D,#BF
       LD E,L             ; start at #3fnn
       LD B,5              ; final bug at #43nn
       LDIR                ; copy more than programsize

       LD DE,nxtlin       ; set part of table on sysvar
       LD HL,ball0
       LD C,4
       LDIR

       LD C,30            ; set rest of table on sysvar
       LD DE,#4000
       LDIR

       LD HL,scrstack     ; repair used screen
       LD DE,scrstack+1
       LD C,40
       LDIR

       LD HL,balldata     ; clear the whole
       LD DE,balldata+1   ; ballscreen only once
       LD C,120

       JP start-2         ; start the game with LDIR

vars   DEFB 128
last   EQU $

```